

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICANTS: Gottschalk et al.

SERIAL NO.: 09/701,854 FILING DATE: February 15, 2001

PATENT NO. 6,786,976 ISSUE DATE: September 7, 2004

GROUP NO. 1746 EXAMINER: Markoff, Alexander

TITLE: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR CLEANING SEMICONDUCTOR ELEMENTS

Certificate of Correction Branch
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Sir:

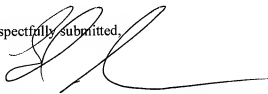
The Assignee of record in the above-referenced patent, MKS Instruments, Inc., by virtue of an assignment recorded July 1, 2005, at Reel 016700, Frame 0252, hereby requests that a Certificate of Correction be issued for U.S. Patent No. 6,786,976 under 35 U.S.C § 254 and 37 C.F.R. § 1.322.

The error indicated in the attached Certificate of Correction was made by the U.S. Patent Office. More specifically, the Office relied upon U.S. Patent No. 5,370,846 to Yokomi in an Office action dated September 12, 2002, but did not include the reference on the face of the patent. (See, Page 6 of the Office action) A copy of the Office action has been enclosed for your convenience.

Applicants believe that no fees are due upon submission of this paper. In the event any fees are due, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge them to Attorney's Deposit Account No. 50-3081.

If there are any questions regarding this matter, the U.S. Patent Office is invited to contact the undersigned at the telephone number identified below.

Respectfully submitted,



Date: July 22, 2008
Reg. No. 56,834

Tel No. (617) 526-9712
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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 6,786,976
DATED : September 7, 2004
INVENTOR(S) : Gottschalk et al.

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

On the face of the patent, under References Cited – U.S. Patent Documents, please insert -- 5,370,846 12/1994 Yokomi et al.422/186.07.

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER: Patent Administrator
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Boston, MA 02110
Phone No.: (617) 526-9600
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PATENT NO.: 6,786,976



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/701,854	02/15/2001	Christiane Gottschalk	ASX-056(473/	9143

7590 09/12/2002
Testa Hurwitz & Thibault
High Street Tower
125 High Street
Boston, MA 02110

EXAMINER

MARKOFF, ALEXANDER

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1746

DATE MAILED: 09/12/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/701,854

Applicant(s)

GOTTSCHALK ET AL

Examiner

Alexander Markoff

Art Unit

1746

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 February 2002.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 15 February 2001 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because Fig. 1 is not clear and is not possible to see what is inside of the gray rectangular; Figs. 2-4 contain information, which is not in English. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or
REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.

- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the specification relies on the claims for the disclosure. This is not proper.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 1-24 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are generally narrative and indefinite, failing to conform with current U.S. practice. They appear to be a literal translation into English from a foreign document and are replete with grammatical and idiomatic errors.

The claims are indefinite because they use relative language: "highly pure", "stable behavior", "extensively", etc.

The claims comprises terms which lack proper antecedent basis "in the case of", "the principle".

The method claims lack clear recitation of the manipulative steps.

The claims requiring exclusion of air fail to recite from where the air should be excluded.

The claims reciting the supplying CO₂ in the specific concentration fail to define a fluid for which this concentration is recited.

The claims directed to the ozone generator are indefinite because it is not clear what is referenced as "behaviour" of the generator.

The apparatus claims are indefinite because the term "the ozone/oxygen mixture" in claim 7 lacks proper antecedent basis.

The claims reciting specific concentration of CO₂ are indefinite because it is not clear concentration in what is referenced.

Claim 10 is indefinite because the term "the circulation" lacks proper antecedent basis.

Claim 8 and dependent claims are indefinite because the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

It is believed that most of the deficiencies of the claims were indicated, however, the applicant's assistance is requested in reviewing the claims and placing them in a format proper for the US patent practice.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

8. Claims 1-4, 7, 9-12, 13-18 and 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carter et al (US Patent NO 6,080,531) in view of WO

95/02895, EPA 497247 and the state of the art admitted by the applicants in the specification.

Carter et al teach a method and apparatus for cleaning semiconductor devices with ozonated water in which CO₂ is added to stabilize ozone. The reference also teaches isolating the cleaning space from the environment (air).

The reference does not provides the details of the apparatus, however, the claimed overflow, circulation, filters, mixers, etc and their use were conventional in the art as evidenced by WO 95/02895, EPA 497247 and admitted by the applicants in the specification (page 1).

It would have been obvious to an ordinary artisan at the time the invention was made to implement the method and device of Carter et al in conventional methods and cleaning systems in order to prevent decomposition and stabilize the concentration of ozone in ozonized water.

9. Claims 5, 6, 8, 14 and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carter et al (US Patent NO 6,080,531) in view of WO 95/02895, EPA 497247 and the state of the art admitted by the applicants in the specification as applied to claims 1-4, 7, 9-12, 13-18 and 22-24 above, and further in view of Yokomi et al (US Patent No 5,370,846).

Carter et al modified by the teachings of the secondary references and admitted by the applicants prior art teaches the claimed invention except for the step and means for adding CO₂ into oxygen used for ozone generator.

However, Yokomi et al teach that it was known to add CO₂ into oxygen to

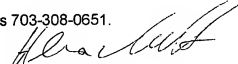
stabilize the work of the ozonizer and to obtain higher ozone concentration.

It would have been obvious to an ordinary artisan at the time the invention was made to add CO₂ to oxygen used in the ozone generator in the method and apparatus of modified Carter et al to achieve the higher concentrations of ozone and stabilize the work of the ozonizer.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Markoff whose telephone number is 703-308-7545. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:30 - 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy P. Gulakowski can be reached on 703-308-4333. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0651.



Alexander Markoff
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1746

am
September 9, 2002

**ALEXANDER MARKOFF
PRIMARY EXAMINER**